Dividing numbers involves dividends, divisors, and quotients.

quotient divisor) dividend

Write a division problem (including the quotient) that satisfies all three statements.

Show your work.

- 1 The dividend is a one-digit whole number. The divisor is a one-digit whole number. The quotient is a one-digit whole number.
- 2 The dividend is a two-digit whole number. The divisor is a one-digit whole number. The quotient is a one-digit whole number.
- 3 The dividend is a two-digit whole number. The divisor is less than 1, and a number in tenths. The quotient is a two-digit whole number.
- 4 The dividend is a two-digit whole number.

 The divisor is greater than 1, and a number in tenths.

 The quotient is a two-digit whole number.
- 5 The dividend is a number in tenths.
 The divisor is a one-digit whole number.
 The quotient is a number in tenths.
- 6 The dividend is a decimal in hundredths. The divisor is a decimal in hundredths. The quotient is a one-digit whole number.
- The dividend is a decimal in hundredths.

 The divisor is a decimal in hundredths.

 The quotient is a two-digit whole number.

Add or subtract.

Remembering

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Complete each fraction box.

Multiply or divide.

37.5 × 3.5

0.63 × 0.27

- **11** 0.93)567.3
- **12** Stretch Your Thinking Use the term dividend, divisor, or quotient to complete each sentence. Then write a division equation that fits the description.

The ______ is a decimal in thousandths.

The ______ is a decimal in thousandths.

The ______ is a two-digit whole number.

Division problem: _____